SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Klüberpaste ME 31-52

Article-No. : 005115

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Grease

Recommended restrictions on use : Restricted to professional users.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Klüber Lubrication München
Geisenhausenerstr. 7
81379 München
Deutschland
Tel: +49 (0) 89 7876 0
Fax: +49 (0) 89 7876 333
info@klueber.com

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : mcm@klueber.com
Material Compliance Management

National contact : Klüber Lubrication Deutschland
Geisenhausenerstraße 7
81379 München
Deutschland
Tel.: +49 89 7876 0
Fax: +49 89 7876 565
customer.service.de@klueber.com
www.klueber.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : +49 89 7876 700 (24 hrs)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

gory 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements	:	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	:	**Prevention:**	
		P273	Avoid release to the environment.
		Response:	
		P391	Collect spillage.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature : Mineral oil.
special calcium soap
solid lubricant

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	Classification	specific concentration limit M-Factor Notes	Concentration (% w/w)

	Registration number		Acute toxicity estimate	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0 231-944-3 030-011-00-6 01-2119485044-40-XXXX	Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	M-Factor: 1/1	>= 30 - < 50
zinc oxide	1314-13-2 215-222-5 030-013-00-7 01-2119463881-32-XXXX	Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	M-Factor: 1/1	>= 2,5 - < 10
1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol	939-692-2 01-2119983498-16-XXXX	Aquatic Chronic3; H412		>= 1 - < 2,5
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :				
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0 265-169-7 649-474-00-6 01-2119471299-27-XXXX	Not classified	Note L	>= 10 - < 20
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5 232-455-8 01-2119487078-27-XXXX	Not classified		>= 10 - < 20

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If inhaled : Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.
Keep patient warm and at rest.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Keep respiratory tract clear.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation develops, get medical attention.
Wash off with soap and water.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 10 minutes.
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Move the victim to fresh air.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Keep respiratory tract clear.
Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : No information available.

Risks : None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : No information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Sulphur oxides
Oxides of phosphorus
Metal oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment. Exposure to decomposi-

tion products may be a hazard to health.

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Use the indicated respiratory protection if the occupational exposure limit is exceeded and/or in case of product release (dust).
Do not breathe vapours, aerosols.
Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Clean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum.
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Do not ingest.
Do not repack.
These safety instructions also apply to empty packaging which may still contain product residues.
Keep container closed when not in use.

Hygiene measures : Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Store in original container. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Keep in properly labelled containers.

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 11, Combustible Solids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Specific instructions for handling, not required.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	AGW (Vapour and aerosols)	5 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2018-06-07)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 4;(II)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	AGW (Alveolate fraction)	5 mg/m3	DE TRGS 900 (2015-11-06)
	Peak-limit: excursion factor (category): 4;(II)			
	Further information: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child			

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	83 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	160 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	220 mg/kg
zinc oxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	5 mg/m3
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0,5 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic	83 mg/kg

			effects	
1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4,408 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	6,25 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Fresh water	0,0206 mg/l
	Marine water	0,0061 mg/l
	Microbiological Activity in Sewage Treatment Systems	0,100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	117,8 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	56,5 mg/kg
	Soil	35,6 mg/kg
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Oral	9,33 mg/kg
zinc oxide	Fresh water	0,0206 mg/l
	Marine water	0,0061 mg/l
	Microbiological Activity in Sewage Treatment Systems	0,100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	117,8 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	56,5 mg/kg
	Soil	35,6 mg/kg
1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol	Fresh water	0,041 mg/l
	Marine water	0,0041 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0,41 mg/l
	Microbiological Activity in Sewage Treatment Systems	8000 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	380,62 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	38,06 mg/kg
	Soil	308,98 mg/kg
	Oral	6,67 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

none

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields

Hand protection
- Material : Nitrile rubber
- Break through time : > 10 min
- Protective index : Class 1

Remarks	:	For prolonged or repeated contact use protective gloves. The break through time depends amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.
Respiratory protection	:	Not required; except in case of aerosol formation.
Filter type	:	Filter type P
Protective measures	:	The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	paste
Colour	:	beige
Odour	:	characteristic
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
Melting point/range	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Combustible Solids
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature		

Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
pH	:	Not applicable
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	insoluble
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	< 0,001 hPa (20 °C)
Relative density	:	1,34 (20 °C) Reference substance: Water The value is calculated
Density	:	1,34 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Bulk density	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available

9.2 Other information

Explosives	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available
Self-ignition	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Sublimation point	:	No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No conditions to be specially mentioned.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No materials to be especially mentioned.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: This information is not available.

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

zinc oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5,7 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
GLP: yes
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2,75 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: An LC50/inhalation/4h/rat could not be determined because no mortality of rats was observed at the maximum achievable concentration.
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
GLP: yes

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
GLP: yes
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
GLP: yes
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : This information is not available.

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Species : Rabbit
Assessment : No skin irritation
Result : No skin irritation

zinc oxide:

Species : Rabbit
Assessment : No skin irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Species : Rabbit
Assessment : No skin irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Species : Rabbit
Assessment : No skin irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
GLP : yes

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Species : Rabbit
Assessment : No skin irritation
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
GLP : yes

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : This information is not available.

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Species : Rabbit

Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation
GLP	:	yes

zinc oxide:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation
GLP	:	yes

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation
GLP	:	yes

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation
GLP	:	yes

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks	:	This information is not available.

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
GLP	:	yes

zinc oxide:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
GLP	:	yes

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Test Type	:	Buehler Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
GLP	:	yes

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.
GLP	:	yes

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Remarks: No data available
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.

zinc oxide:

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-	:	Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show

sessment | mutagenic effects.

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test
Method: Mutagenicity (Salmonella typhimurium - reverse mutation assay)
Result: negative
GLP: yes

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

zinc oxide:

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

ment

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Dermal
Method : OECD Test Guideline 451
Result : negative

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility : Remarks: No data available

Effects on foetal development : Remarks: No data available

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : - Fertility -

No toxicity to reproduction
- Teratogenicity -

No effects on or via lactation

zinc oxide:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : - Fertility -

No toxicity to reproduction
- Teratogenicity -

No toxicity to reproduction

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 1.000 mg/kg body weight
General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 1.000 mg/kg body weight
Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : - Fertility -

No toxicity to reproduction
- Teratogenicity -

Animal testing did not show any effects on foetal development.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Effects on foetal development : Species: Rat
Application Route: Dermal
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : - Fertility -

No toxicity to reproduction
- Teratogenicity -

No effects on or via lactation

STOT - single exposure

Components:

zinc oxide:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

zinc oxide:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Remarks : This information is not available.

Components:

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Method : OECD Test Guideline 421
Remarks : Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

White mineral oil (petroleum):

NOAEL : 1.800 mg/kg
Exposure time : 90 d

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

This information is not available.

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

No aspiration toxicity classification

zinc oxide:

No aspiration toxicity classification

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

No aspiration toxicity classification

White mineral oil (petroleum):

No aspiration toxicity classification

Further information

Product:

Remarks : Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0,14 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,08 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0,136 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

zinc oxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1,55 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0,136 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
GLP: yes

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 1.000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : 0,04 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Test Type: semi-static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1.000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 41 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: Growth inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 GLP: yes
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10.000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 10 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: Immobilization Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: >= 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability	:	Remarks: No data available
Physico-chemical removability	:	Remarks: No data available

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Biodegradability	:	Remarks: The methods for determining biodegradability are

not applicable to inorganic substances.

zinc oxide:

Biodegradability : Remarks: The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Biodegradability : Test Type: Primary biodegradation
Inoculum: activated sludge
Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic:

Biodegradability : Test Type: aerobic
Inoculum: activated sludge
Result: Not rapidly biodegradable
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B
GLP: yes

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Biodegradability : Test Type: Primary biodegradation
Inoculum: activated sludge
Result: Not rapidly biodegradable
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).
This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Components:

1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-dodecanethiol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 3,16

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 8 (20 °C)

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: > 6

12.4 Mobility in soil

Product:

Mobility	:	Remarks: No data available
Distribution among environmental compartments	:	Remarks: No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment	:	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

Components:

trizinc bis(orthophosphate):

Assessment	:	Remarks: Not applicable

zinc oxide:

Assessment	:	Remarks: Not applicable

White mineral oil (petroleum):

Assessment	:	Non-classified PBT substance. Non-classified vPvB substance.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment	:	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information	:	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.
Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and national regulations.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

Contaminated packaging : Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.
Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations.

The following Waste Codes are only suggestions:

Waste Code : used product, unused product
12 01 12*, spent waxes and fats

uncleaned packagings
15 01 10, packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADN : UN 3077

ADR : UN 3077

RID : UN 3077

IMDG : UN 3077

IATA : UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Zinc Phosphate, zinc oxide)

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Zinc Phosphate, zinc oxide)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

(Zinc Phosphate, zinc oxide)

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Zinc Phosphate, zinc oxide)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Zinc Phosphate, zinc oxide)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN : 9

ADR : 9

RID : 9

IMDG : 9

IATA : 9

14.4 Packing group

ADN

Packing group	:	III
Classification Code	:	M7
Hazard Identification Number	:	90
Labels	:	9

ADR

Packing group	:	III
Classification Code	:	M7
Hazard Identification Number	:	90
Labels	:	9

RID

Packing group	:	III
Classification Code	:	M7
Hazard Identification Number	:	90
Labels	:	9

IMDG

Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	956
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y956
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	956
Packing instruction (LQ)	:	Y956
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN
Environmentally hazardous : yes

ADR
Environmentally hazardous : yes

RID
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG
Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)
Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)	:	Not applicable
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).	:	This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast)	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals	:	Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.	:	E1	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
		34	Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home heating oils and gas oil blending streams),(d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards as the products referred to in points (a) to (d)

Water contaminating class (Germany)	:	WGK 2 obviously hazardous to water Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)
TA Luft List (Germany)	:	Total dust: others: 63,26 % Inorganic substances in powdered form: Not applicable Inorganic substances in vapour or gaseous form: Not applicable Organic Substances: portion Class 1: < 0,01 % others: 36,74 % Carcinogenic substances: Not applicable Mutagenic: Not applicable Toxic to reproduction: Not applicable
Volatile organic compounds	:	Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Not applicable

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

This information is not available.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	:	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Note L	:	The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346 "Determination of polycyclic aromatics in unused lubricating base oils and asphaltene free petroleum fractions - Dimethyl sulphoxide extraction refractive index method", Institute of Petroleum, London. This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Part 3.
DE TRGS 900	:	Germany. TRGS 900 - Occupational exposure limit values.
DE TRGS 900 / AGW	:	Time Weighted Average

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS -

Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:		**Classification procedure:**
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Calculation method

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